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<u>STUDY NOTES</u> CLASS- VII (All Section) Teacher's Name: Anjani Kaushik DATE: 29-06-2020

SCIENCE LESSON-07

CHAPTER: Weather, Climate an Animal Adaptation Today's Topic: Revision Time

* Weather is what the atmosphere is like, with respect to the temperature, humidity, rainfall, wind-speed, in any one place at any one time.

* Even at one place, the weather does not remain the same throughout the day: it keeps changing all day.

* The various parameters, such as temperature, humidity, air pressure, which meteorologist use to forecast weather, are called elements of weather.

* It is the sun that drives the earth's weather engine; the sun's heat creates winds, clouds, cyclones and other weather phenomena.

* Generally, the highest temperature of the day occurs in the afternoon while the lowest temperature occurs early in the morning.

* The time of sunrise and sunset at a place depends not only on the month of year or the season but also on the latitude of the place.
* Climate is broadly the long-term weather of an area, taken over a period of at least 30 years.

* The latitude or the distance from the equator plays an important role in deciding the climate of a place. The climate also depends on several geographical features such as height above sea level, nearness to the sea or large water bodies and the extent of vegetation cover.

* Animals living in different climatic regions have developed features and habits that suit the surroundings they live in.

* The polar regions remain extremely cold and covered with ice throughout the year, with temperatures dropping to as low as -37 C in winter.

* Migratory birds fly thousands of kilometres to escape from the extreme cold in their home territory.

* Tropical rainforests are very dense, warm, wet forests that are mostly found in the earth's tropical regions.

* During hot summers, the temperature often rises above 40°c. These regions get plenty of rainfall and the humidity level always remains high.

* Rainforests are tremendously rich in animal life. They include microscopic animals, invertebrates (insects and worms),fish, reptiles, amphibians, birds and mammals.

* Many animals that live in tropical rainforests have sensitive hearing, sharp eyesight and natural covering that helps them blend in with their surroundings.